

# ***Phytophthora ramorum* Pathways: Water resource contamination in Washington State**

**Gary Chastagner**

**Washington State University  
Puyallup, WA**

**Contact: [chastag@wsu.edu](mailto:chastag@wsu.edu)**

**Katie Coats and Marianne Elliott  
Washington State University - Puyallup**

**Daniel Omdal and Amy Ramsey-Kroll  
Washington Department of Natural Resources**

# Topics

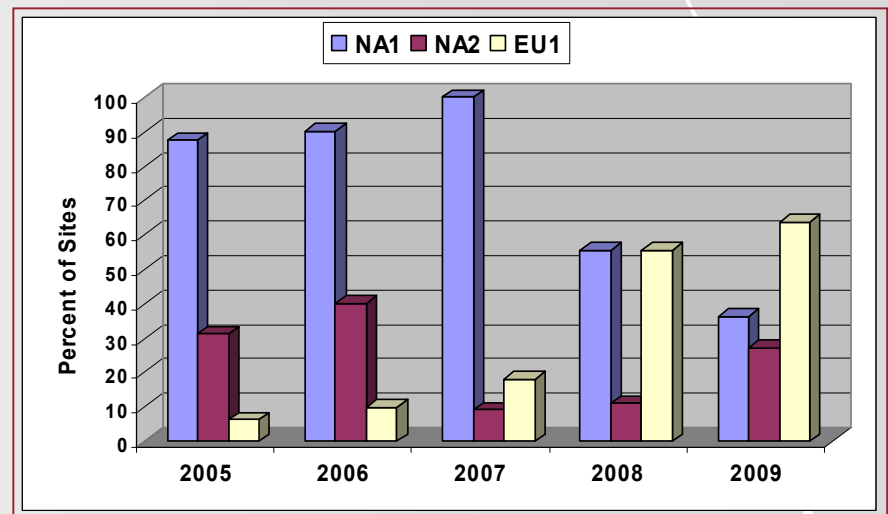
- *Phytophthora ramorum* in WA
- Spread from nurseries via waterways
- Management and regulatory challenges



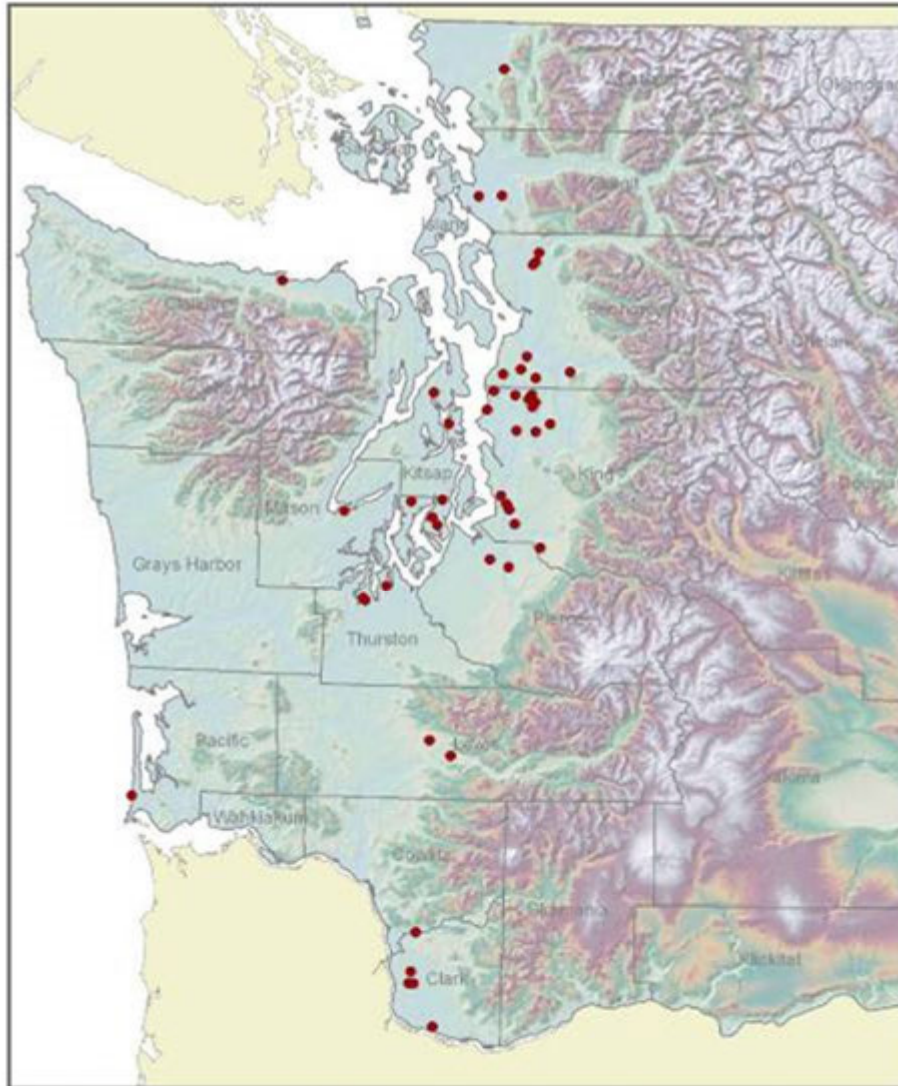
# WSDA Nursery Surveys

- First discovered in 2003
- A total of 48 nurseries
- All three lineages present

## Detection of all 3 lineages

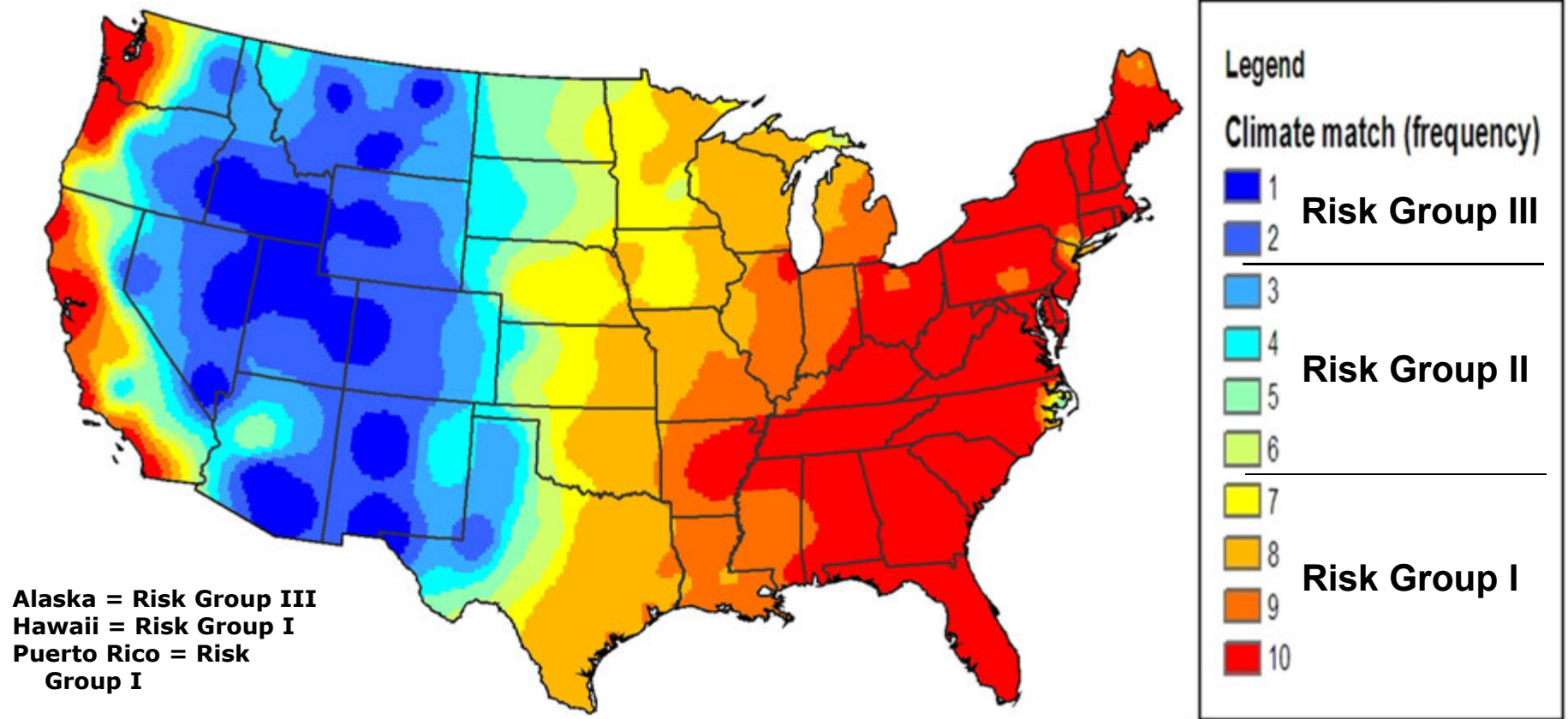


EU1 – Europe (A1)  
NA1 – Most common in N. America (A2)  
NA2 – “Washington” clade (A2)

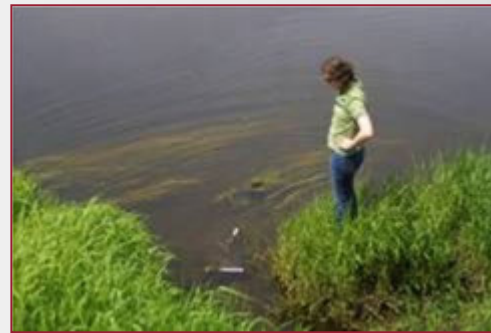


Western Washington  
*P. ramorum* Positive Nursery Sites 2003-2010

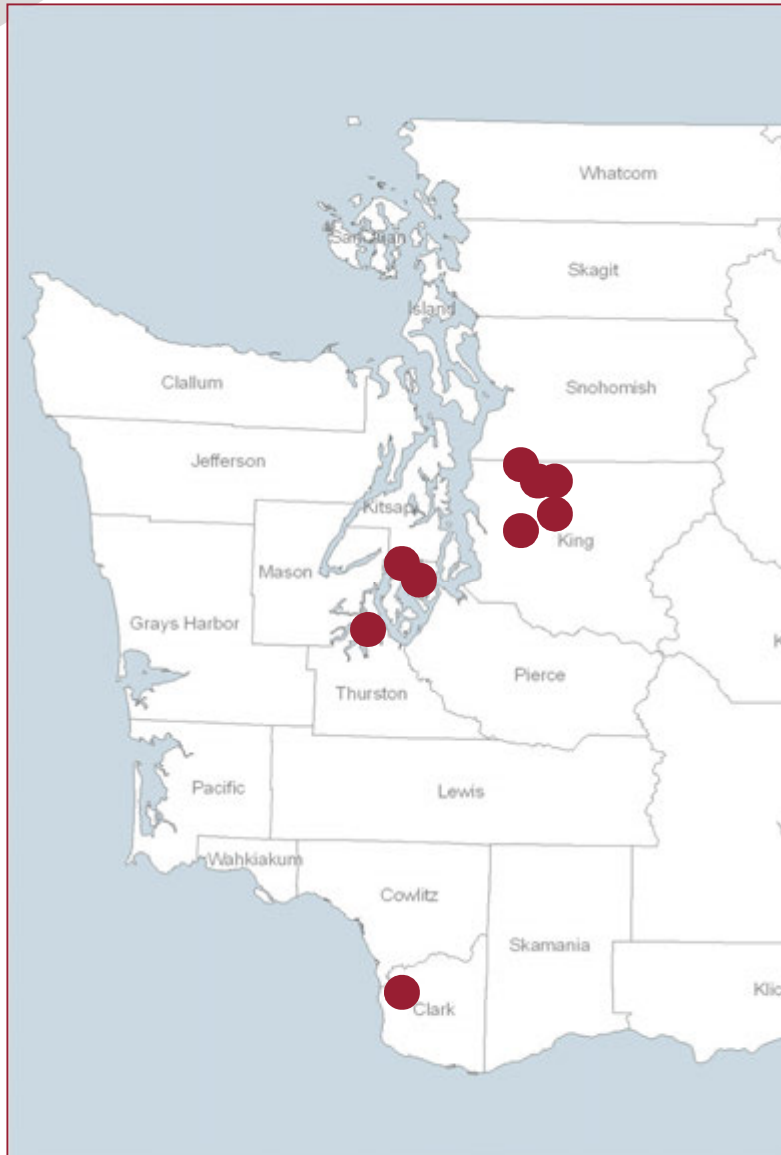
# Annualized *P. ramorum* Climate Matching by area in USA



# WSDA and DNR have been monitoring spread in water



# *P. ramorum* Detection in Water (2006-2011)



## King County

- Sammamish River
- Ditch/pond by Nursery #34
- Little Bear Creek
- Wooden Creek
- Industrial ditch

## Pierce County

- Rosedale Stream
- Ditch by Nursery #45

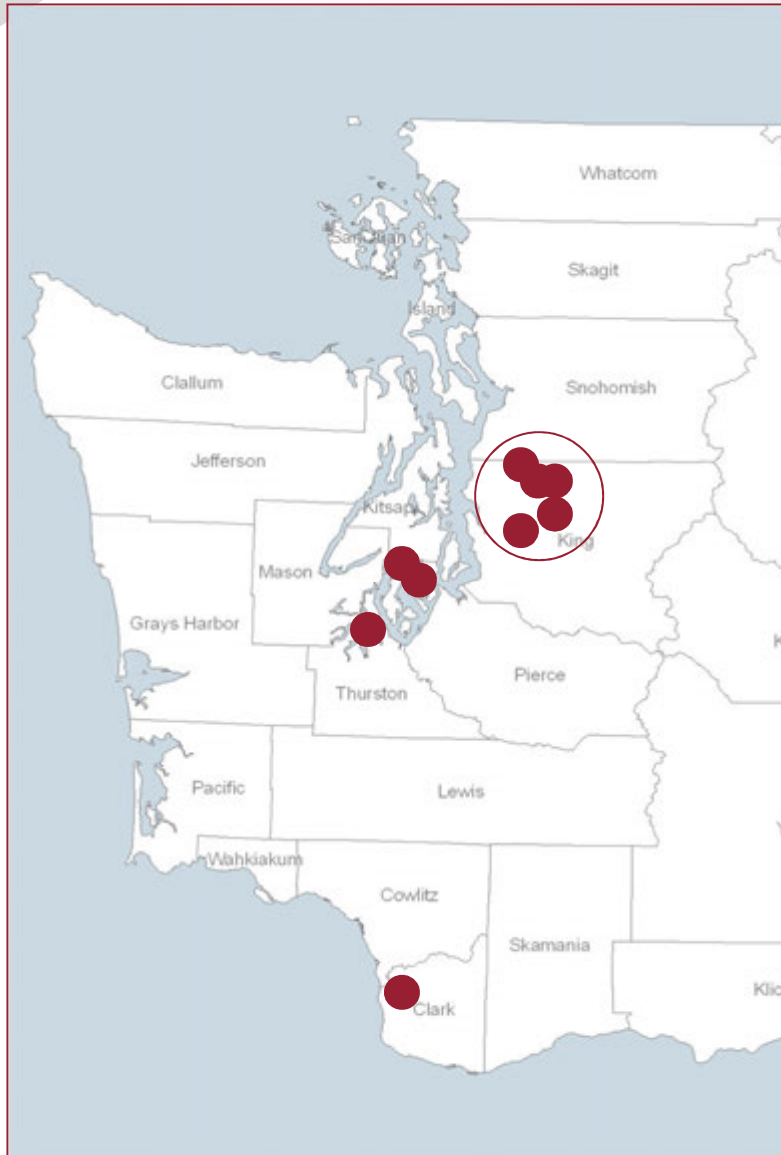
## Thurston County

- Ditch by nursery #41

## Clark County

- Ditch by nursery #44

# *P. ramorum* Detection in Water (2006-2011)



## King County

- Sammamish River
- Ditch/pond by Nursery #34
- Little Bear Creek
- Wooden Creek
- Industrial ditch

## Pierce County

- Rosedale Stream
- Ditch by Nursery #45

## Thurston County

- Ditch by nursery #41

## Clark County

- Ditch by nursery #44

# Mystery on the Sammamish River

*What are the sources of contamination?*

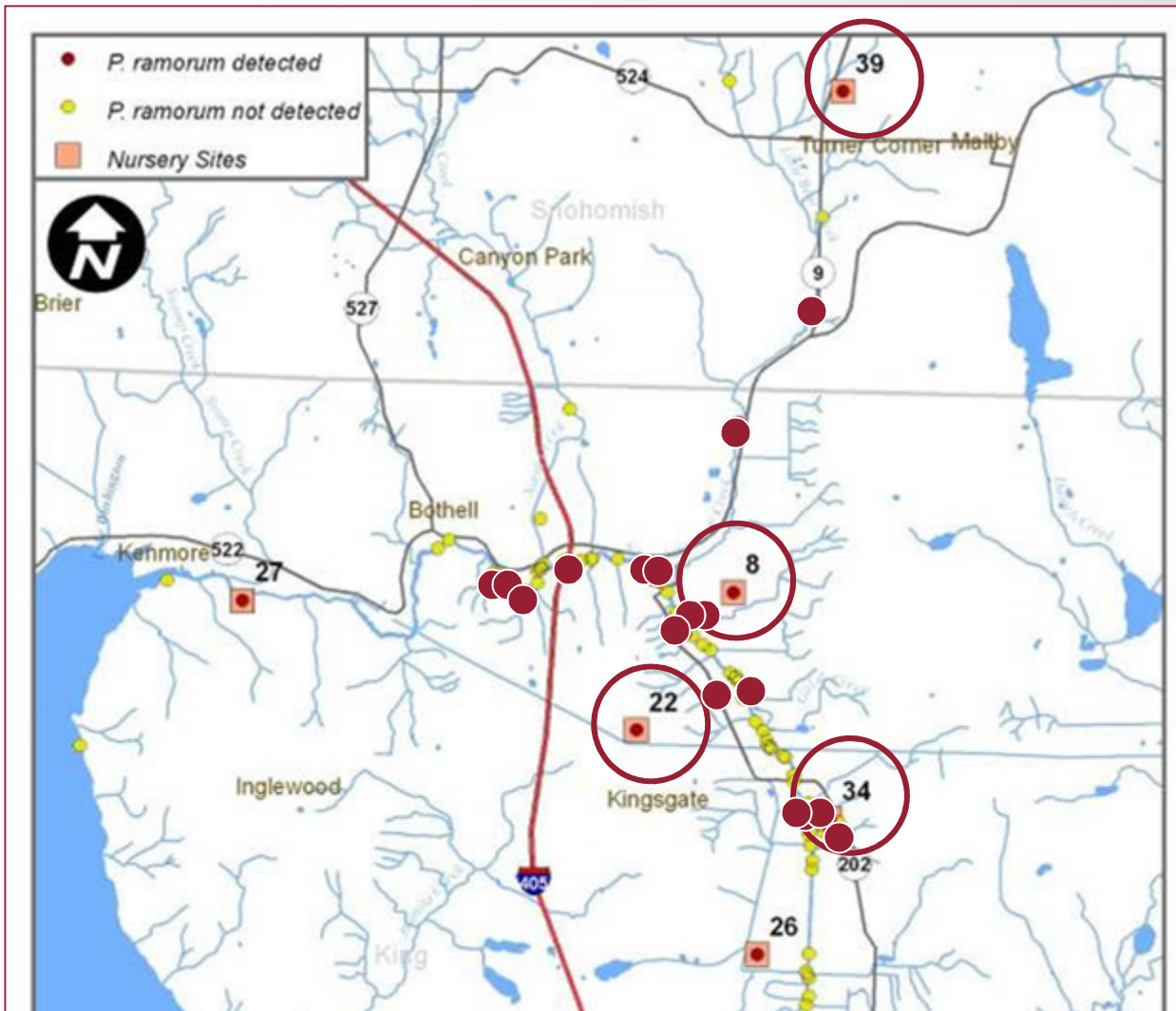
“+” Since 2007 - NA1 (2, 5, 12), NA2, & EU1





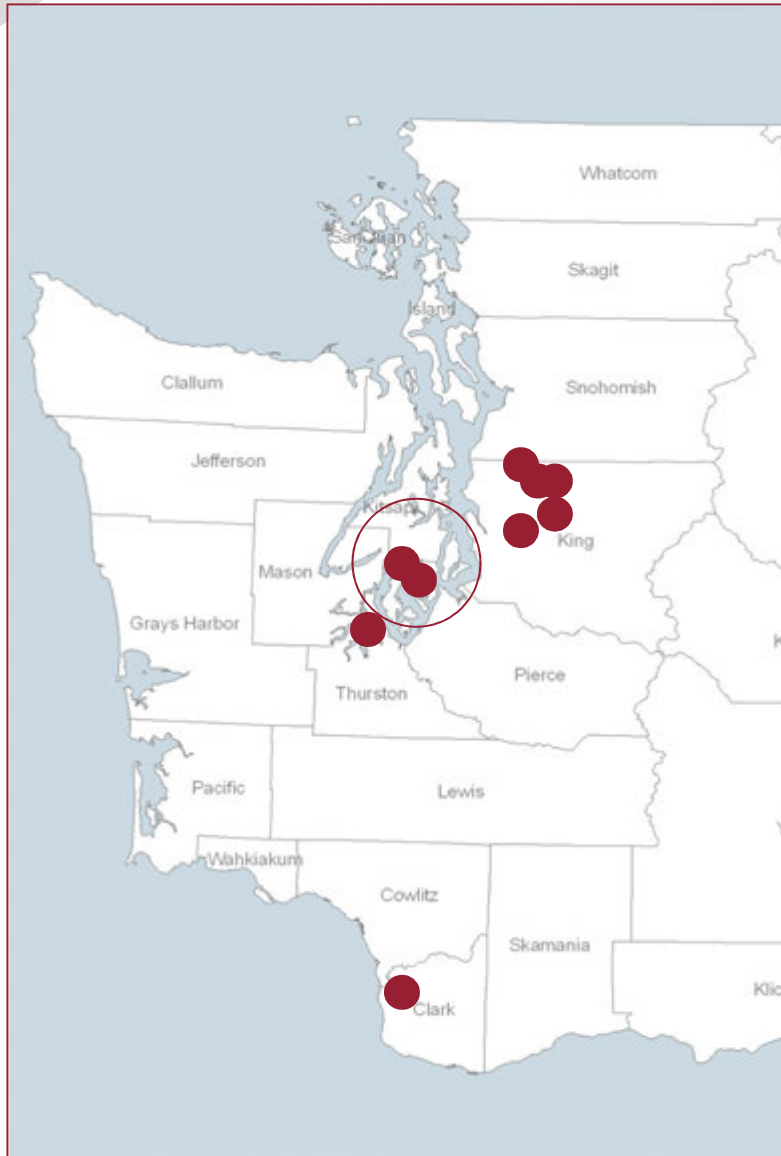
# Mystery on the Sammamish River

*What are the sources of contamination?*



- NA1 and NA2 may have come from four nurseries.
- The source of the EU1 is unknown.
- Baiting residential storm water retention ponds may be an effective way to determine if inoculum is coming from landscape plants.

# *P. ramorum* Detection in Water (2006-2011)



## King County

- Sammamish River
- Ditch/pond by Nursery #34
- Little Bear Creek
- Wooden Creek
- Industrial ditch

## Pierce County

- Rosedale Stream
- Ditch by Nursery #45

## Thurston County

- Ditch by nursery #41

## Clark County

- Ditch by nursery #44

# Rosedale Stream and Nursery No. 19 in Pierce Co., WA

## Chronology

### Plants at nursery

“+” 2004 & 2005, NA1 (8)

“-” 2006-2010

### Soil at nursery

“+” 2005, NA1 genotype (8, 25, 46, 47)

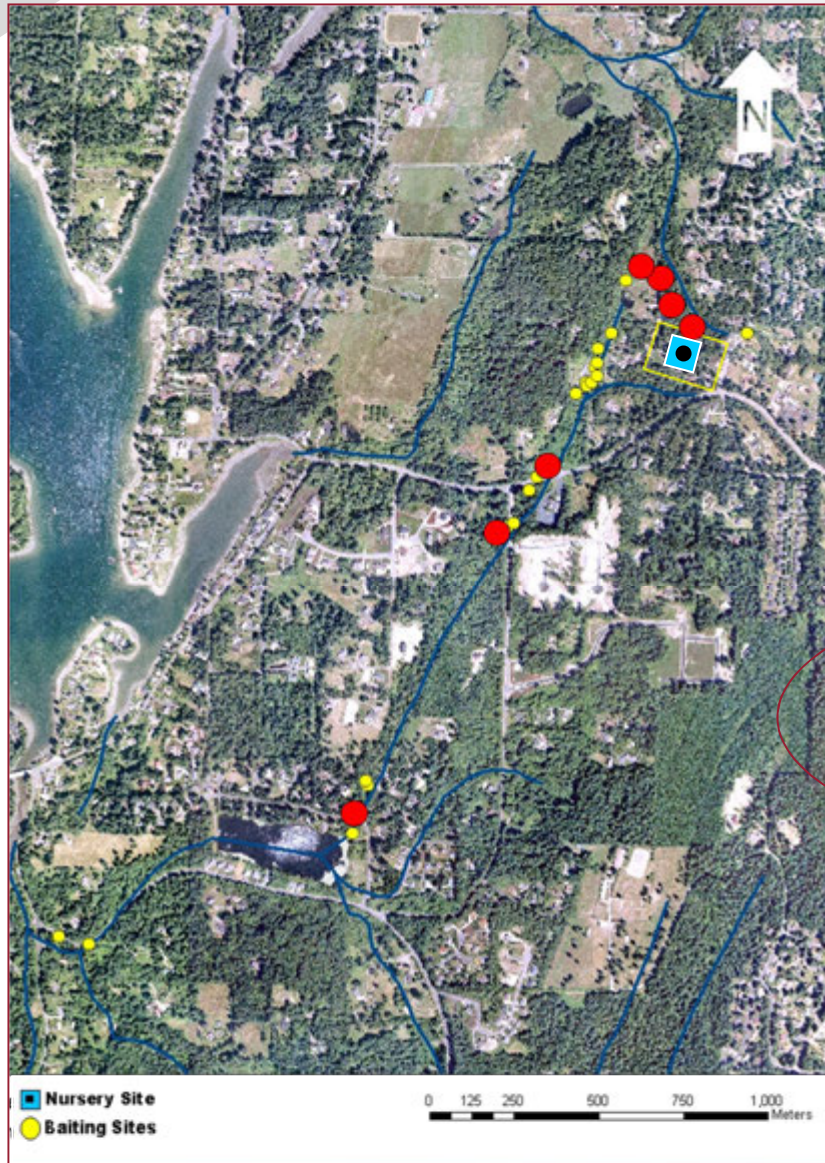
“-” 2009 (not tested 2006-08, 2010)

### Rosedale Stream (seasonal)

“+” 2006 - 2011, NA1 genotype (5, 8, 25, 46, and 60)

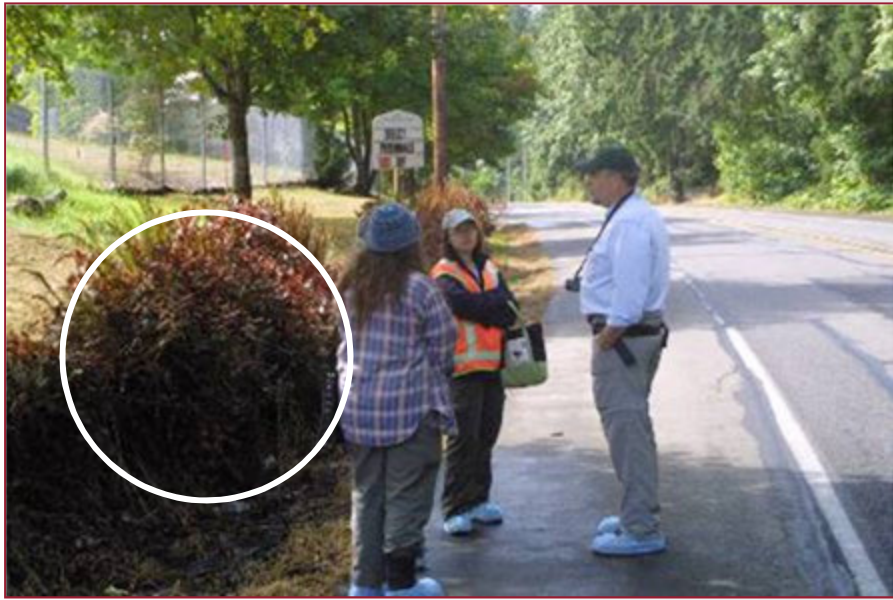
### Streamside vegetation surveys

“-” to date



# Nursery No. 45 in Pierce Co. with Spread to Salal Plants and Soil



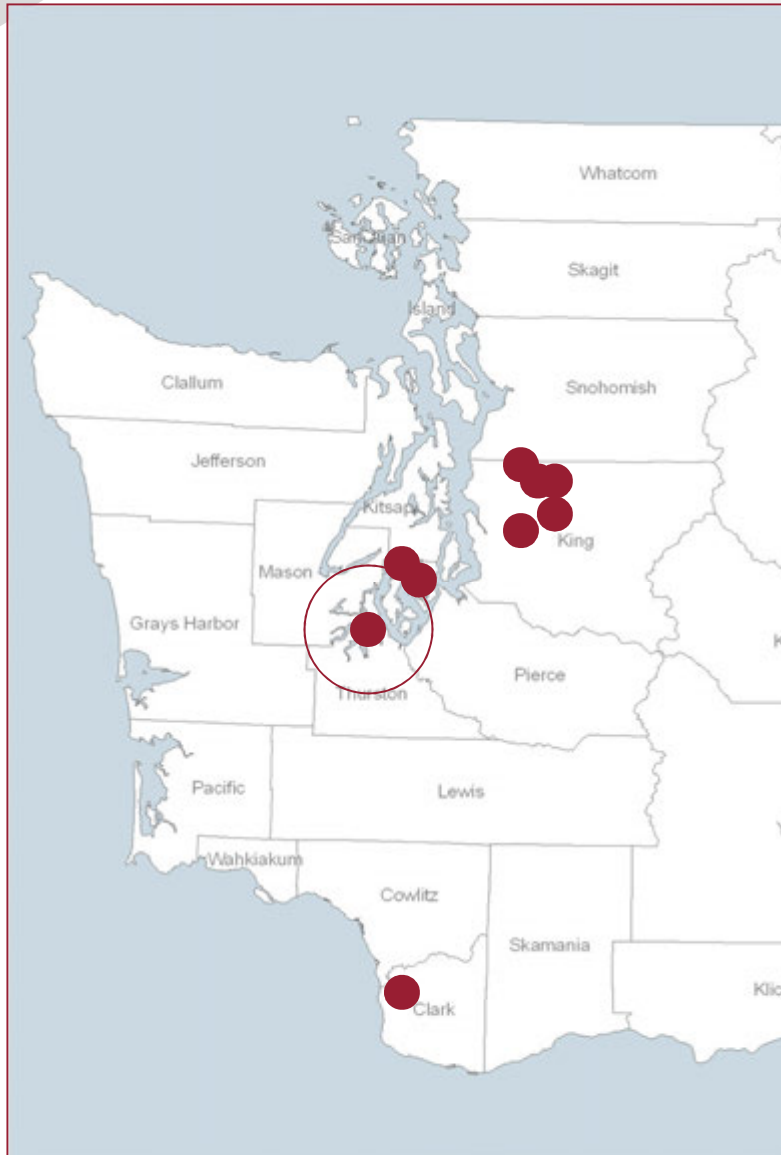




# Nursery No. 45 in Pierce County, WA



# *P. ramorum* Detection in Water (2006-2011)



## King County

- Sammamish River
- Ditch/pond by Nursery #34
- Little Bear Creek
- Wooden Creek
- Industrial ditch

## Pierce County

- Rosedale Stream
- Ditch by Nursery #45

## Thurston County

- Ditch by nursery #41

## Clark County

- Ditch by nursery #44



# Nursery No. 41 in Thurston Co., WA



## Chronology

Plants at nursery

“+” 2008 - 2010. EU1

Soil at nursery

“+” 2008. EU1

“-” 2009, 2010

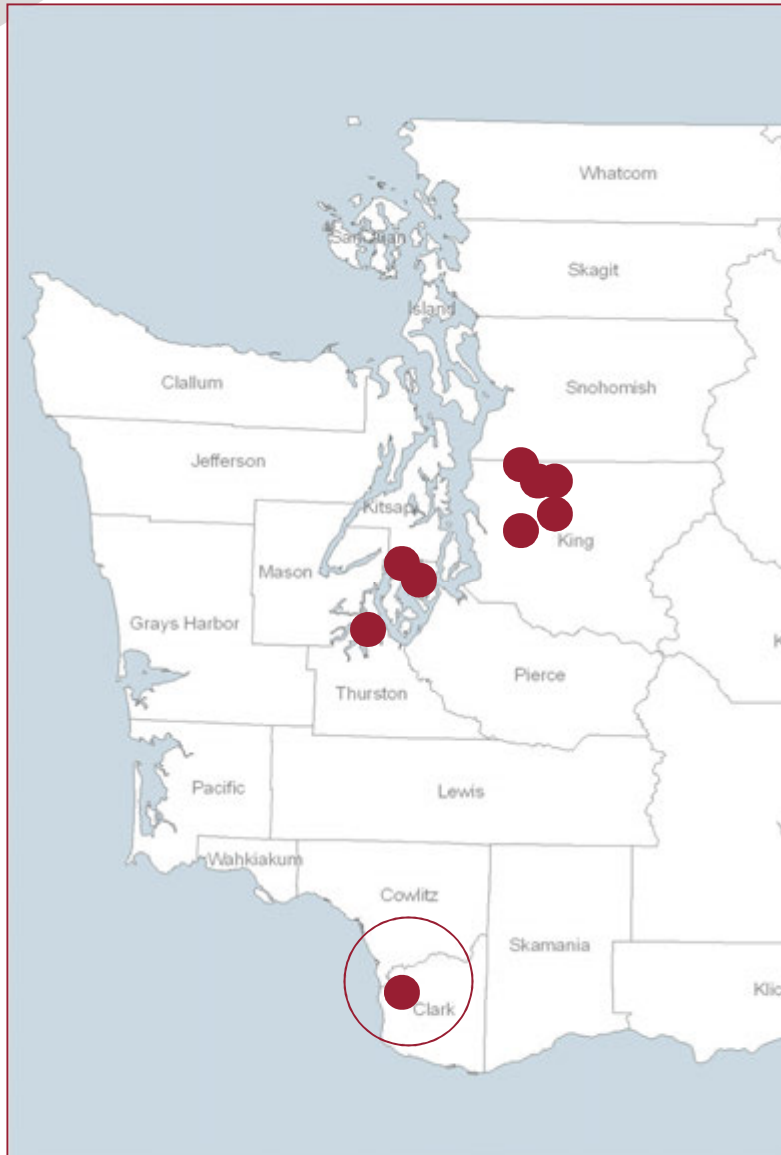
Water nursery

“+” 2008 - 2010. EU1

Off nursery site ditch

“+” 2010, 2011. EU1

# *P. ramorum* Detection in Water (2006-2011)



## King County

- Sammamish River
- Ditch/pond by Nursery #34
- Little Bear Creek
- Wooden Creek
- Industrial ditch

## Pierce County

- Rosedale Stream
- Ditch by Nursery #45

## Thurston County

- Ditch by nursery #41

## Clark County

- Ditch by nursery #44

# Nursery No. 44 in Clark County, WA

## Chronology

### Plants at nursery

“+” 2008 - 2010. NA1 (5, 8, 22, 61)

### Soil at nursery

“+” 2008 - 2010. NA1 (5, 22, 62, 63)  
and EU1

### Pond and drainage ditch on nursery

“+” 2008 - 2010. NA1 (2, 5)

### Off site ditch

“+” 2010 & 2011. NA1 (2, 5, 22)



# Persistence in WA Waterways

County	Waterway	Year					
		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
King Co.	Sammamish River		****	****	****	****	****
	Ditch/pond by #34		****	---	****	****	****
	L. Bear Creek					****	****
	Wooden Creek					****	****
	Industrial ditch					****	****
Pierce Co.	Rosedale Stream	****	****	****	****	****	****
	Ditch by #45				****	****	****
	Salal				****	---	---
	Soil in ditch						****
Thurston Co.	Ditch by #41					****	****
Clark Co.	Ditch by #44					****	****

## Summary

- *All three lineages of *P. ramorum* have spread from nurseries into water in WA.*
- *The spread of the NA2 lineage onto salal plants illustrates the importance of this pathway for the spread of *P. ramorum* from nurseries to plants and soil in the landscape.*

# The population structure of *P. ramorum* in WA increases the risk that the NA2 and EU1 lineages will spread to the landscape



# Topics

- *Phytophthora ramorum* in WA
- Spread from nurseries via waterways
- **Management and regulatory challenges**

# Management of *P. ramorum* in Waterways Starts at the Nursery

## *Best Management Practices*



*Should positive nurseries be required to address water issues on their site?*





# Management of *P. ramorum* in Waterways Starts at the Nursery

*Treatment of Water Leaving the Nursery – Need low cost, ecologically effective approaches*



# Regulatory Issues Relating to *P. ramorum* in water

- “Disease” vs. “Pathogen”
- Need clearly defined triggers and responses
- Need clearly defined roles & responsibilities
- Need a policy relating to notification of water user



Dan Omdal and Amy Ramsey-Kroll – WA DNR

# Acknowledgements

- **WSU's Kathy Riley, Annie DePauw, and Gil Dermott**
- **Cooperators: WSDA, DNR, and USDA-APHIS**
- **Industry partners**
- **Financial support from the USDA Forest Service, WSDA Nursery Research Program and USDA-APHIS**

*WSU SOD Research & Education Program*  
*<http://www.puyallup.wsu.edu/ppo/sod.html>*

# Thank You

